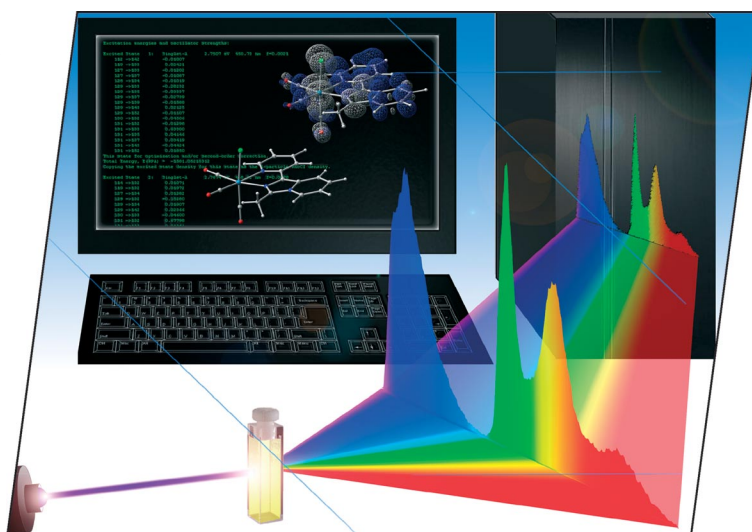


The EUChemSoc Societies have taken the significant step into the future by merging their traditional journals, to form two leading chemistry journals, the *European Journal of Inorganic Chemistry* and the *European Journal of Organic Chemistry*. Three further EUChemSoc Societies (Austria, Czech Republic and Sweden) are Associates of the two journals.

COVER PICTURE

The cover picture shows a representation of the mixed theoretical and experimental method employed by inorganic chemists in the study of structural and photophysical properties of luminescent molecules. The combination of time-dependent density functional theory and spectroscopy is crucial for determining the nature of excited states in metal complexes and thus their absorption and emission features. New dual-emitting $\text{ReL}(\text{CO})_3\text{Cl}$ complexes and their 1-(2-pyridyl)imidazo[1,5-*a*]pyridine ligands were successfully studied by using such a hybrid approach. Details are discussed in the Short Communication by R. Gobetto et al. on p. 3587ff.



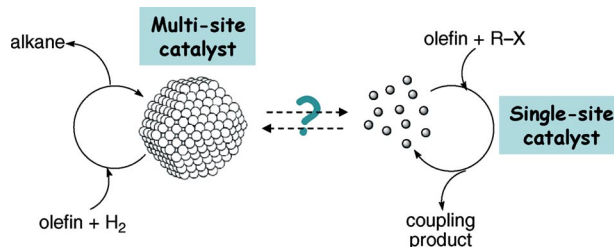
MICROREVIEW

Palladium Nanocatalysts

J. Durand, E. Teuma,
M. Gómez* 3577–3586

An Overview of Palladium Nanocatalysts:
Surface and Molecular Reactivity

Keywords: Palladium / Nanoparticles /
Homogeneous catalysis / Heterogeneous
catalysis



From a mechanistic point of view, the use of nanoparticles as catalysts requires analysis of the catalytically active species in terms of their agglomeration and the leaching of the molecular species. This aspect

becomes crucial for work under “wet” catalytic conditions. The present review focuses on the nature of palladium nanoparticle catalysts that are either preformed or generated in situ.

SHORT COMMUNICATIONS

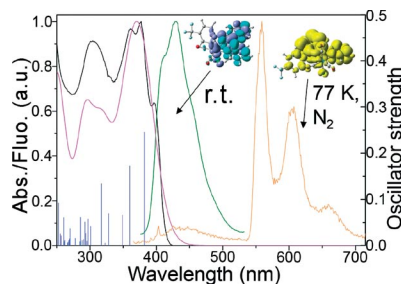
Luminescent Rhenium Complexes

C. Garino, T. Ruiu, L. Salassa,
A. Albertino, G. Volpi, C. Nervi,
R. Gobetto,* K. I. Hardcastle ... 3587–3591



Spectroscopic and Computational Study on New Blue Emitting $\text{ReL}(\text{CO})_3\text{Cl}$ Complexes Containing Pyridylimidazo[1,5-*a*]-pyridine Ligands

Keywords: Rhenium / X-ray structure /
TDDFT / UV/Vis spectroscopy / Luminescence



Synthesis, characterization, and photophysical properties of new $\text{Re}(\text{CO})_3\text{Cl}$ complexes containing 1-pyridylimidazo[1,5-*a*]-pyridine ligands are presented. The complexes display high-energy singlet emissions arising from a $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$ ligand-centered state and intense ligand-centered triplet emission in oxygen-free acetonitrile solutions. The nature of the excited states was analyzed by using TDDFT methods.

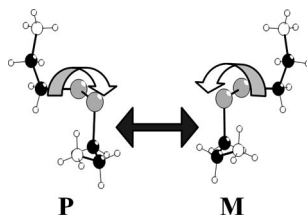
Hybrid Materials

N. Louvain, N. Mercier,* J. Luc,
B. Sahraoui 3592–3596



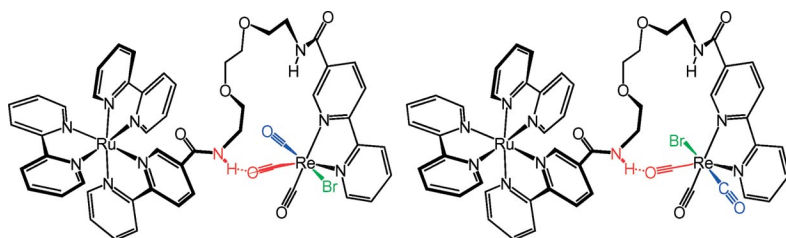
Example of Disulfide Conformational Change in the Solid State: Preparation, Optical Properties, and X-ray Studies of a Cystamine-Based Iodoplobate Hybrid

Keywords: Cystamine / Iodometalate /
Organic–inorganic hybrid composites /
Disulfides / Nonlinear optics / Polymorphism



An organic–inorganic hybrid was found to undergo reversible structural transition under moderate conditions leading to a polymorph phase. Conformational changes in the disulfide molecules in the solid state resulted in an abrupt decrease in the second harmonic generation (SHG) intensity; thus, this material can be considered as an SHG switch controlled by temperature.

FULL PAPERS



A new stepwise route to heteronuclear tricarbonylrhenium(I)–tris(bipyridine)ruthenium(II) complexes has been explored with the product exhibiting an unusual

configurational arrangement attributed to a hydrogen-bonding interaction between an Re–CO group and an amide proton.

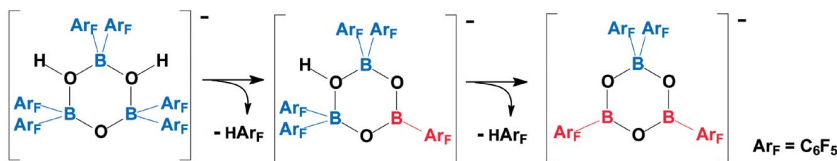
Luminescent Heterometallic Complexes

D. Pelleteret, N. C. Fletcher* 3597–3605

A Modular Approach to Luminescent Dinuclear Ruthenium(II) and Rhenium(I) Complexes

Keywords: Rhenium / Ruthenium / 2,2'-Bipyridine / Bridging ligands / Heterometallic complexes

Arylboroxinates



Addition of bis(dimethylamino)naphthalene to CH₂Cl₂ solutions of (C₆F₅)₂BOH causes instantaneous trimerization to the hexaaryl anion [(C₆F₅)₆B₃O₃H₂][−], accompanied by stepwise dearylation, with

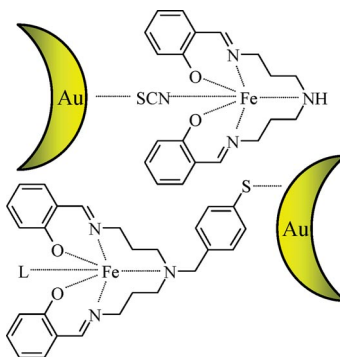
elimination of pentafluorobenzene and formation at first of the pentaaryl anion [(C₆F₅)₅B₃O₃H][−] and then of the tetraaryl anion [(C₆F₅)₄B₃O₃][−].

D. Donghi, D. Maggioni, T. Beringhelli, G. D'Alfonso* 3606–3613

¹⁹F NMR Spectroscopic Investigation of the Reaction of Bis(pentafluorophenyl)borinic Acid with a “Proton Sponge”: Deprotonation, Trimerization and Stepwise Dearylation

Keywords: Fluoroarylboranes / Cyclooligomerization / Hydrodeboration / Proton sponge / NMR spectroscopy

Iron(III) complexes of a series of saltene derivative ligands [H₂salten = bis(3-salicylideneaminopropyl)amine] have been used to efficiently stabilize and functionalize gold nanoparticles. The connection between the gold surface and the iron complex was ensured either by the ambidentate thiocyanate ligand or by a thiol pendant group.



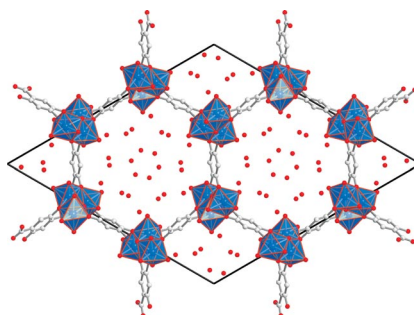
Functionalized Gold Nanoparticles

C. R. Mayer, G. Cucchiaro, J. Jullien, F. Dumur, J. Marrot, E. Dumas,* F. Sécheresse 3614–3623

Functionalization of Gold Nanoparticles by Iron(III) Complexes Derived from Schiff Base Ligands

Keywords: Gold nanoparticles / Schiff base ligands / Iron / Isothiocyanate

Two coordination polymers based on the light-weight metal magnesium were prepared by solvothermal synthesis. One of these is microporous with a large pore volume, high apparent surface area, and potentially accessible metal sites. Framework, thermal stability, and behavior upon dehydration and re-hydration indicate that it is a suitable adsorbent.



P. D. C. Dietzel,* R. Blom, H. Fjellvåg 3624–3632

Base-Induced Formation of Two Magnesium Metal-Organic Framework Compounds with a Bifunctional Tetratopic Ligand

Keywords: Microporous materials / Coordination polymers / Metal-organic frameworks / Organic-inorganic hybrid composites / Adsorption / Magnesium / X-ray diffraction / Hydrothermal synthesis / 2,5-Dihydroxyterephthalic acid

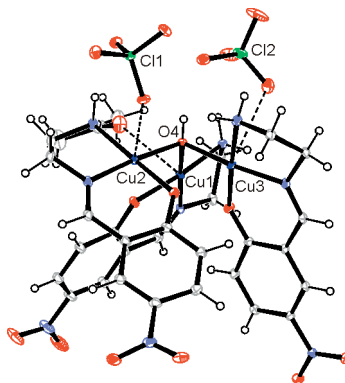
CONTENTS

Oligonuclear Copper Complexes

L. Rigamonti, A. Cinti, A. Forni,*
A. Pasini,* O. Piovesana* 3633–3647

Copper(II) Complexes of Tridentate Schiff Bases of 5-Substituted Salicylaldehydes and Diamines – The Role of the Substituent and the Diamine in the Formation of Mono-, Di- and Trinuclear Species – Crystal Structures and Magnetic Properties

Keywords: tridentate ligands / Copper / Magnetic interactions / Dinuclear complexes / Trinuclear complexes



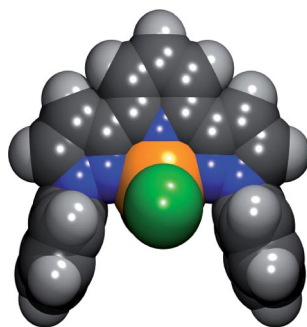
We report the selective syntheses of mono-, di- and trinuclear μ_3 -OH complexes of Cu^{II} with tridentate Schiff bases derived by the condensation of 5-G-salicylaldehyde and ethylenediamine or 1,3-diaminopropane. The trinuclear derivatives represent a case of spin frustration.

Post-Metallocenes

D. Zabel, A. Schubert, G. Wolmershäuser,
R. L. Jones Jr, W. R. Thiel* 3648–3654

Iron and Cobalt Complexes of Tridentate N-Donor Ligands in Ethylene Polymerization: Efficient Shielding of the Active Sites by Simple Phenyl Groups

Keywords: Polyethylene / Iron / Cobalt / Pyridine / Pyrazole



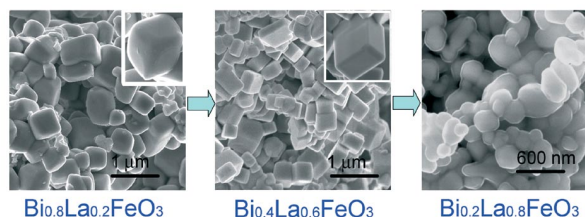
Due to the geometry of the five-membered pyrazole rings in the tridentate N-donor ligand, the iron and cobalt centres of the derived complexes are already efficiently shielded by simple phenyl groups, which results in the generation of high-molecular-weight polyethylene.

Molten Salt Perovskite Synthesis

J. Chen, R. Yu, L. Li, C. Sun, T. Zhang,
H. Chen, X. Xing* 3655–3660

Structure and Shape Evolution of $\text{Bi}_{1-x}\text{La}_x\text{FeO}_3$ Perovskite Microcrystals by Molten Salt Synthesis

Keywords: Bismuth / Iron / Synthesis design / Perovskite phases / Crystal growth



$\text{Bi}_{1-x}\text{La}_x\text{FeO}_3$ microcrystals were prepared by molten salt synthesis. The particle shape (cubic, tetragonal, and semi-sphere crystallite) evolves with composition. The growth

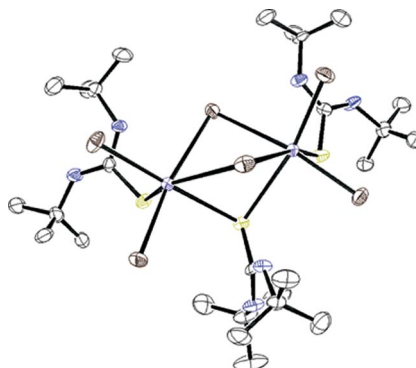
of $\text{Bi}_{1-x}\text{La}_x\text{FeO}_3$ crystals was revealed to follow the Ostwald ripening mechanism by investigation of the particle size distribution and by high-resolution TEM.

Antimony Thiourea Complexes

N. A. Barnes, S. M. Godfrey,*
R. G. Pritchard, S. Ratcliffe 3661–3667

The Reaction of *N,N'*-Di-*tert*-butylthiourea (dtbtu) with Antimony(III) Halides – Formation of the Triply Bridged $[(\text{dtbtu})\text{SbX}_2(\mu\text{-X})_2(\mu\text{-dtbtu})\text{SbX}_2(\text{dtbtu})]$ ($\text{X} = \text{Cl}, \text{Br}$) Dimers

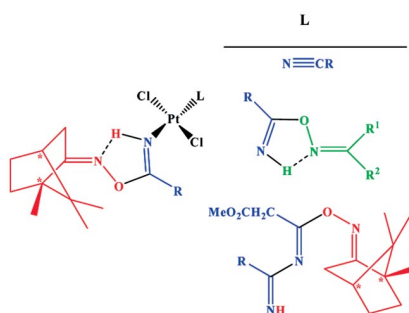
Keywords: Main group elements / S ligands / Antimony / Thioureas



The reactions of *N,N'*-di-*tert*-butylthiourea (dtbtu) with SbX_3 ($\text{X} = \text{Cl}, \text{Br}$) result in the formation of triply bridged dimers, $[(\text{dtbtu})\text{SbX}_2(\mu\text{-X})_2(\mu\text{-dtbtu})\text{SbX}_2(\text{dtbtu})]$, with one bridging dtbtu ligand and two bridging halides. The geometry at antimony is distorted octahedral, with evidence for a stereochemically active lone pair. The reaction of SbI_3 with dtbtu produces a 1:1 complex, $[\text{SbI}_3(\text{dtbtu})]$.

Additions to Platinum Organonitriles

Optically active unsymmetric mixed-ligand imine-nitrile, bis(imine), or imine-diazadiene platinum(II) complexes have been prepared by sequential nucleophilic additions of (*R**)-camphor oxime, ketoximes, or chiral diimino esters to *trans*-[PtCl₂(NCR)₂] or *trans*-(*R**)-[PtCl₂{NH=C(R)ON=C-(C₉H₁₆)}(NCR)].



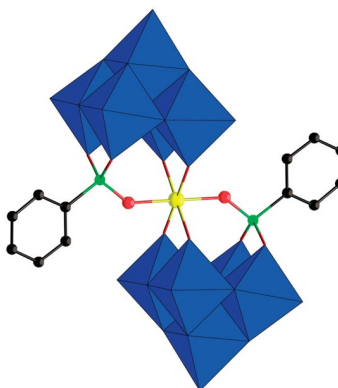
J. Lasri,* M. F. C. Guedes da Silva,
M. A. J. Charnier,
A. J. L. Pombeiro* 3668–3677

Optically Active Mixed Unsymmetric Imine Platinum(II) Complexes – Utilization of the Liberated Imines for Further Syntheses of Mixed Imine-Diazadiene Complexes and of (*E*)-Cyanoalkenes

Keywords: (*R**)-Camphor oxime / Optically active complexes / (*E*)-Cyanoalkenes / Platinum / Microwave irradiation

Hybrid Polyoxometalates

A series of organophosphono polyoxoniobotungstates [NbW₁₀O₃₈(RP)₂]^{3–} {R = Me (**1**), Et (**2**), Pr (**3**), *n*Bu (**4**), Hex (**5**), Hep (**6**), Cy (**7**), Ph (**8**), All (**9**)} has been prepared by the reaction of (*n*Bu₄N)₃-[NbW₅O₁₉] with organophosphono dichlorides. The anions [NbW₁₀O₃₈(RP)₂]^{3–} are made up of two W₅O₁₈ subunits, which can be viewed as monovacant derivatives of the niobotungstate precursor linked by a {Nb(OPR)₂} group.



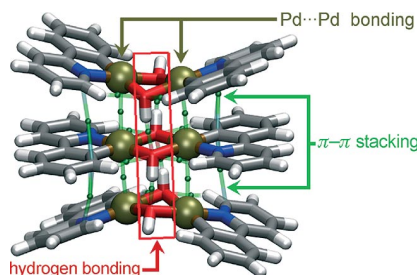
H. Driss, K. Boubekeur, M. Debbabi,*
R. Thouvenot* 3678–3686

Synthesis and Spectroscopic Characterization of Organophosphono Derivatives of Lindqvist Niobotungstates – X-ray Crystal Structures of (*n*Bu₄N)₃[NbW₁₀O₃₈(RP)₂] (R = *n*Bu, Hep and Ph)

Keywords: Polyoxometalates / Organic–inorganic hybrid composites / Organophosphono groups / Niobium / Tungsten

ortho-Palladated Complexes

Crystal structures of two *ortho*-palladated complexes have been elucidated by X-ray powder diffraction. Some unprecedented features in the crystal packing are analyzed by DFT calculations.



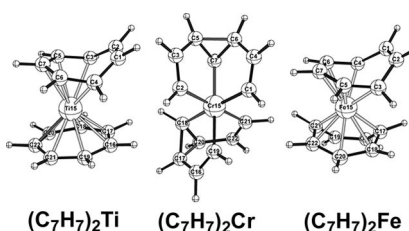
J. Pérez,* A. Espinosa,* J. M. Galiana,
E. Pérez, J. L. Serrano, A. Cabeza,
M. A. G. Aranda 3687–3697

Crystal Packing in Di-(μ-OH)-*ortho*-palladated Complexes – A DFT Insight into the Molecular Structure and Solid-State Interactions

Keywords: Palladium complexes / X-ray powder diffraction / Density functional calculations / Hydrogen bonds / Stacking interactions

Sandwich Complexes

The preferred structures of the (C₇H₇)₂M (M = Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni) sandwich compounds have been studied by density functional theory.



H. Wang,* Y. Xie, R. B. King,*
H. F. Schaefer III 3698–3708

Bis(cycloheptatrienyl) Derivatives of the First-Row Transition Metals: Variable Hapticity of the Cycloheptatrienyl Ring

Keywords: Cycloheptatrienyl derivatives / Sandwich compounds / Density functional theory

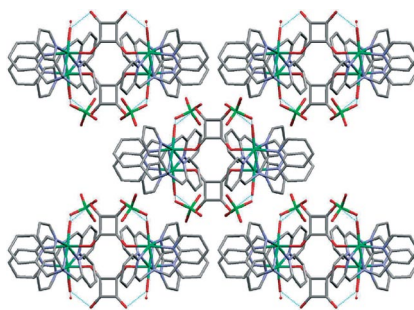
CONTENTS

Squarato Complexes

S. S. Massoud,* F. A. Mautner, R. Vicente,
F. R. Louka 3709–3717

μ -1,3- (*trans*) and μ -1,2- (*cis*) Bonding in
Squarato-Bridged Dinuclear Copper(II)
and Nickel(II) Complexes Derived from
Polypyridyl Amines

Keywords: Copper / Nickel / Dinuclear
complexes / Squarato bridges / Crystal
structures / Magnetic properties



The dinuclear squarato-bridged copper(II) and nickel(II) complexes $[\text{Cu}_2(\text{TPA})_2(\mu_{1,3}\text{-C}_4\text{O}_4)](\text{ClO}_4)_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (**1**), $[\text{Cu}_2(\text{MeDPA})_2(\mu_{1,3}\text{-C}_4\text{O}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4](\text{ClO}_4)_2$ (**2**) and $[\text{Ni}_2(\text{TPA})_2(\mu_{1,2}\text{-C}_4\text{O}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2](\text{ClO}_4)_2$ (**3**) were synthesized, and structurally and magnetically characterized.

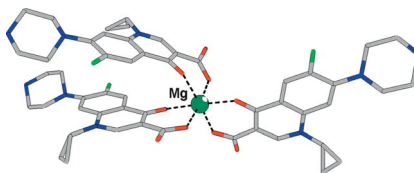
Ciprofloxacin Magnesium Complexes

I. Turel,* P. Živec, A. Pevec, S. Tempelaar,
G. Psomas* 3718–3727



Compounds of Antibacterial Agent Ciprofloxacin and Magnesium – Crystal Structures and Molecular Modeling Calculations

Keywords: Magnesium / Quinolone / Antibiotics / Crystal structure / Molecular modeling



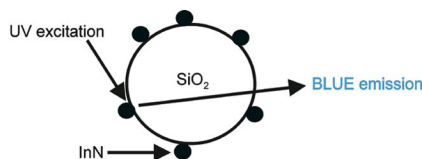
Crystal structures of isolated Mg complexes of the quinolone antibacterial drug ciprofloxacin (metal–ligand ratio 1:2 and 1:3) were determined. A bidentate O,O'-bonding was found for both complexes. The crystal structures of several Mg–ciprofloxacin complexes were analyzed. Additionally, molecular modeling calculations in these systems were performed.

Blue-Emitting Nanomaterials

P. Munusamy, V. Mahalingam,
F. C. J. M. van Veggel* 3728–3732

InN@SiO₂ Nanomaterials as New Blue
Light Emitters

Keywords: Hybrid nanomaterials / Blue
photoluminescence / Indium nitride / Silica



Blue photoluminescence (≈ 450 nm) was obtained upon excitation of a InN@SiO₂ nanomaterial with UV light. These hybrid nanomaterials were prepared by a simple precipitation reaction followed by a solid-state reaction.

* Author to whom correspondence should be addressed.

Supporting information on the WWW (see article for access details).